

## 90837 to 90865—Continued.

90848. *CALLISTEMON LINEARIS* DC.  
Bottlebrush.

A tall shrub or small tree up to 30 feet high, closely resembling *C. citrinus*, but the leaves are much narrower, and the stamens, an inch long, are dark or pale red. It is native to Australia.

90849. *CARMICHAELIA EXSUL* F. Muell.  
Fabaceae.

A low shrub with flattened branchlets, compound leaves made up of three to five obovate, emarginate leaflets nearly 1 inch long, and axillary peduncles bearing one or two yellowish-white flowers. It is native to Lord Howe Island.

90850. *CASSIA ARTEMISIOIDES* Gaud.  
Caesalpinaceae. Wormseed senna.

An erect bushy shrub covered with silky white tomentum. The leaves are made up of three to six pairs of linear-terete leaflets 1 inch long, and the yellow flowers are in short dense racemes. Native to Australia.

90851. *CASSIA BREMOPHILA* A. Cunn.  
Caesalpinaceae.

A handsome Australian shrub 5 feet high, with leaves made up of two pairs of narrow leaflets and yellow flowers. The leaves and pods are said to be eaten by stock.

For previous introduction see 77278.

90852. *DORYPHORA SASSAFRAS* Endl.  
Monimiacae.

A tree of considerable size but of irregular growth, the whole plant aromatic. The ovate to oblong-lanceolate, serrate leaves, reticulate beneath, are 2 to 4 inches long, and the small inconspicuous flowers are in axillary clusters of three. It is native to Australia.

90853. *GELJERA PARVIFLORA* Lindl.  
Rutaceae.

The *wilga* is a tall shrub or a tree, native to the interior of New South Wales, where it reaches a height of about 30 feet. It has slender pendulous branches, narrow leaves 3 to 6 inches long, and, when well developed, has a highly ornamental appearance with something of the aspect of a weeping willow. It has remarkable drought-enduring qualities, and the leaves are often fed to sheep, which are very fond of them.

For previous introduction see 64000.

90854 to 90856. *GREVILLEA* spp. Proteaceae.

90854 and 90855. *GREVILLEA BANKSII* R. Br.

For previous introduction see 76639.

90854. An ornamental Australian red-flowered shrub or small tree 8 to 10 feet high.

90855. Variety *alba*. A white-flowered form.

90856. *GREVILLEA HILLIANA* F. Muell.

A large evergreen tree 60 feet or less high, native to Australia, with leaves varying from elliptical to entire, 6 to 12 inches long, and deeply pinnatifid with five or seven lanceolate lobes. The small red flowers are in dense cylindrical racemes 4 to 8 inches long.

For previous introduction see 80068.

## 90837 to 90865—Continued.

90857. *HYMENOSPORUM FLAVUM* (Hook.)  
F. Muell. Pittosporaceae.

An ornamental evergreen shrub or tree, sometimes 50 feet high, native to Australia. The leaves are up to 9 inches long, and the fragrant flowers, yellow marked with red at the throat, are over an inch across. Its symmetrical, pyramidal habit and rapid growth make it promising as a street tree for the Gulf States and California.

For previous introduction see 81170.

90858. *LEPTOSPERMUM ODORATUM* Cheel.  
Myrtaceae.

An upright shrub 3 to 5 feet high with angular branchlets, oblong to obovate, emarginate leaves 1 to 2 inches long, and clusters of two to five small white flowers near the tips of the branchlets. The leaves when bruised emit a pleasant odor. It is native to Australia.

90859. *MELALEUCA ELLIPTICA* Labill.  
Myrtaceae.

A tall evergreen shrub, native to Western Australia, with elliptical leaves one-half inch long and cylindrical spikes of large showy red flowers.

For previous introduction see 79137.

90860. *MELALEUCA HYPERICIFOLIA* J. E. Smith. Myrtaceae. Dotted melaleuca.

A tall shrub with opposite, lanceolate to oblong leaves 1 to 2 inches long, dotted beneath, and spikes, 2 inches long and wide, of deep-red flowers, the axis growing out as a leafy shoot. It is native to Australia.

90861. *SYNCARPIA GLOMULIFERA* (J. E. Smith) Niedenzu (*Metrosideros glomulifera* J. E. Smith). Myrtaceae.

A tall slender evergreen tree, native to Australia, with broadly ovate leaves 2 to 3 inches long, appearing as if in whorls from two pairs being close together. The small white flowers are in globular clusters of 6 to 10 on short peduncles at the base of the new shoots. The wood is valuable for posts and underground construction work.

For previous introduction see 80073.

90862. *OXYLOBIUM LANCEOLATUM* (Vent.) Druce (*O. callistachys* Benth.). Fabaceae.

A tall evergreen shrub, native to Australia, with whorls of lanceolate leaves 3 to 5 inches long and yellow flowers in dense terminal racemes 6 inches long.

For previous introduction see 79054.

90863 to 90865. *PIMELEA* spp. Thymelaeaceae.

90863. *PIMELEA FERRUGINEA* Labill.

A much-branched shrub 1 to 2 feet high, with opposite crowded, ovate to oblong, entire leaves less than 1 inch long and globular heads of small rose-colored flowers covered with silky hairs. It is native to Australia.

90864. *PIMELEA LINIFOLIA* J. E. Smith.

An erect shrub 1 to 3 feet high with slender, rust-brown branches, linear to oblong leaves half an inch long, and terminal globular heads of small white flowers. It is native to Australia.