

90588 to 90648—Continued.

90620 to 90630. GERANIUM spp. Geraniaceae. Cranesbill.

90620. GERANIUM ALBANUM Bleb.

A perennial cranesbill from the Caucasus, with diffuse stems 18 inches high, 7-parted to 9-parted reniform leaves, and purplish-red flowers.

90621. GERANIUM COLUMBINUM L.

A much-branched annual, with round palmately 5-parted to 7-parted leaves and rather large purple flowers. Native throughout Europe.

90622. GERANIUM DISSECTUM L.

An erect hispid annual, with finely dissected orbicular palmately 5-parted to 7-parted leaves with linear segments and lilac flowers. Native to Asia Minor and southeastern Europe.

90623. GERANIUM DIVARICATUM Ehrh.

A divaricately branched annual, with roundish 5-parted leaves and deep rose flowers. Native to the mountainous sections of central Europe.

90624. GERANIUM GRACILE Ledeb.

A herbaceous perennial, about 18 inches high, with hairy 3-lobed to 5-lobed leaves and purple flowers on an elongated peduncle. Native to southeastern Europe.

90625. GERANIUM MOLLE L.

A hairy annual cranesbill with ascending or diffuse, rounded-palmate 7-lobed to 9-lobed leaves and purplish flowers. Native from southeastern Europe to Syria.

90626. GERANIUM PALLENS Bleb.

A herbaceous perennial with hispid stems and branches and leaves, orbicular on the lower part of the stem and three lobed to five lobed above. The flowers are pale violet. Native to Asia Minor.

90627. GERANIUM PUSILLUM Burm. f.

An annual pubescent cranesbill from southeastern Europe and Asia Minor, with diffuse stems, roundish 5-parted to 9-parted leaves, and small coerulean-violet flowers.

90628. GERANIUM PYRENAICUM Burm. f.

A herbaceous perennial about 1 foot high, softly hairy throughout, with an ascending stem, reniform 7-parted to 9-parted leaves, and axillary purple flowers. Native to central and southern Europe.

90629. GERANIUM PYRENAICUM Burm. f.

Variety *depilatum*. A glabrous form.

90630. GERANIUM ROTUNDIFOLIUM L.

A red-flowered annual, native to stony places in southeastern Europe and Asia Minor, with a short erect branched stem and reniform 7-parted leaves.

90631 to 90636. MUSCARI spp. Liliaceae. Grape-hyacinth.

90588 to 90648—Continued.

90631. MUSCARI CAUCASICUM (Griseb.) Baker.

An ornamental purple-flowered bulbous plant, with a scape 8 inches high. Native to dry mountainous regions of the Caucasus.

For previous introduction see 67922.

90632. MUSCARI COMMUTATUM Guss.

A spring-flowering bulb, with linear leaves 4 to 6 inches long, and odorless dark-blue cylindrical flowers twice as long as broad and with segments which are not recurved. It is native to Sicily.

90633. MUSCARI NEGLECTUM Guss.

A low bulbous plant, native to the Mediterranean countries, with numerous strap-shaped leaves up to a foot in length and fragrant dark-blue flowers.

For previous introduction see 67924.

90634. MUSCARI PENDULUM Trautv.

A narrow-leaved bulbous plant from Asia Minor, with dense oblong racemes of sky-blue flowers.

For previous introduction see 67012.

90635. MUSCARI NEGLECTUM Guss.

A perennial with a large bulb which sends up several linear leaves 5 to 6 inches long, and several scapes, 4 to 5 inches high, with racemes of faintly odorous, bright-blue, urn-shaped flowers a sixth of an inch across. Native to the Caucasus region.

For previous introduction see 81350.

90636. MUSCARI TENUIFLORUM Tausch.

A grape-hyacinth from south-central Europe, similar to *Muscari comosum*, but generally smaller, with upright narrower-linear leaves as long as the stem, which is about 1 foot high. The lower fertile flowers, in a cylindrical raceme, are apple green with deep-brown slightly recurved segments, while the numerous sterile flowers form a rather dense long raceme above.

For previous introduction see 81351.

90637. ORNITHOGALUM ARCUATUM Stev.

The leaves of this Caucasian species are broadly lanceolate, and the stout erect scape bears a raceme of white flowers nearly a foot long.

90638 to 90642. PAEONIA spp. Ranunculaceae. Peony.

90638. PAEONIA ABCHASICA Hort.

A name for which a place of publication and a description have not been found.

For previous introduction see 79923.

90639. PAEONIA MLOKOSWITSCHI Lomakin.

A herbaceous perennial peony with dark bluish-green biternate leaves with red nerves and margins and yellow flowers 4 to 5 inches in diameter which have numerous stamens and purple stigmas. This peony, considered the handsomest of the yellow-flowered forms, is native to the central Caucasus.

For previous introduction see 81352.