

89217 to 89382—Continued.

89218. *CARMICHAELIA COMPACTA* Petrie.

An erect densely branched leafless evergreen shrub 2 to 4 feet high, with numerous slender erect branchlets, and small fragrant pinkish-white flowers in numerous lax racemes half an inch long.

89219. *CARMICHAELIA GRANDIFLORA* (Benth.) Hook. f.

An erect or spreading, much-branched evergreen shrub 2 to 8 feet high, usually leafy save in exposed situations. The leaves are numerous, pinnately 3-foliolate to 5-foliolate, and silky pubescent when young. The small purplish flowers are in lax racemes an inch long.

89220. *CARMICHAELIA ODORATA* Colenso.

A much-branched shrub 3 to 10 feet high, leafy in the spring and summer. The slender erect racemes of purple flowers are borne on pendulous branches.

For previous introduction see 77177.

89221. *CARMICHAELIA WILLIAMSII* T. Kirk.

An erect much-branched rigid shrub from the East Cape district of New Zealand. It is entirely leafless, with flat branches half an inch broad. The large yellow flowers, less than an inch across, are in lateral racemes.

89222 to 89233. *COPROSMA* spp. Rubiaceae.89222 and 89223. *COPROSMA BAUERI* Endl.

89222. A shrub or small tree, sometimes a large tree 25 feet high, with thick shining green leaves, broadly ovate, 1 to 3 inches long, and small greenish flowers in short-stalked dense heads.

89223. Variety *Crawfordii*. A variegated form.

89224. *COPROSMA CUNNINGHAMII* Hook. f.

A stout erect glossy evergreen shrub 5 to 15 feet high, with gray-brown bark and numerous elliptic-oblong, leathery, dark-green leaves 2 to 3 inches long. The inconspicuous flowers are in dense glomerules, succeeded by reddish-orange drupes.

89225. *COPROSMA KIRKII* Cheeseman.

A much-branched suberect evergreen shrub which often forms masses 2 to 4 feet high. The narrowly linear leaves, an inch or less long, are leathery or membranous. The flowers are small and inconspicuous.

89226. *COPROSMA LUCIDA* Forst.

A shrub about 15 feet in height, with leathery, glossy bright-green leaves, 2 to 5 inches long. The inconspicuous flowers are wind-pollinated. The plant is often cultivated in gardens for the beauty of its small berrylike drupes, which are brilliant orange red.

For previous introduction see 47879.

89227. *COPROSMA MICROCARPA* Hook. f.

A tall leafy evergreen shrub with slender, close-set, flattened, spreading branches. The small, flat, linear-lanceolate leaves are in pairs on short lateral branchlets.

89217 to 89382—Continued.

89228. *COPROSMA RHAMNOIDES* A. Cunn.

A small densely branched evergreen shrub 2 to 6 feet high, with reddish-brown uneven bark and numerous spreading, often rigid and interlaced branches. The leaves, very variable in shape and texture, are less than an inch long. The very small fruits, in axillary clusters, are bright red or reddish black.

89229. *COPROSMA RIGIDA* Cheeseman.

An erect evergreen shrub 5 to 15 feet high, of rather open habit. The leathery oblong or obovate leaves, one-half inch long, are in pairs on short lateral branchlets, and the small flowers are followed by yellow oblong drupes one-third inch long.

89230. *COPROSMA ROBUSTA* Raoul.

A stout shrub 2 to 12 feet high, with pale-brown bark, shining-green leaves up to 5 inches long and 2 inches broad, and small greenish flowers in dense heads. The small red or yellow drupes are thickly set.

89231. *COPROSMA TENUCAULIS* Hook. f.

A much-branched evergreen shrub 4 to 8 feet high, with purplish-brown bark and slender spreading branches which are often much interlaced. The orbicular or ovate flat leaves are up to half an inch long, and the fruits are very small shining black drupes.

89232. *COPROSMA TENUIFOLIA* Cheeseman.

A sparingly branched evergreen shrub 8 to 15 feet high with slender terete branches and membranous, pale-brown oblong-ovate leaves 2 to 4 inches long.

89233. *COPROSMA WILLIAMSII VARIEGATA* Hort.

A name for which a description has not been found.

89234. *DODONAEA VISCOSA* (L.) Jacq. Sapindaceae. Hopbush.

Variety *purpurea*. A rapid-growing shrub, up to 15 feet high, with oblong bronzy leaves which become rich purple in winter. The small greenish flowers are in dense terminal panicles.

89235. *DRIMYS AXILLARIS* Forst. Magnoliaceae.

A small evergreen tree 12 to 25 feet high, with ovate-elliptic glossy leaves 2 to 5 inches long and small greenish-yellow flowers in few-flowered axillary clusters. The reddish wood is used for inlaying.

89236. *DRIMYS COLORATA* Raoul. Magnoliaceae.

A low evergreen tree, very similar to *Drimys axillaris* but smaller, more compactly branched, and with shorter, stiffer leaves.

89237. *GAYA LYALLII* (Hook. f.) Baker f. Malvaceae.

A beautiful tree up to 30 feet high, graceful and spreading, with the branchlets covered with stellate hairs. The cordate crenate leaves are 2 to 4 inches long on slender petioles, and the large white flowers, an inch across, are borne in axillary clusters.

For previous introduction see 77560.