

## 88837 to 88856—Continued.

88849. No. 5902. Medium-small, light-green mung bean used for sprouts, bean vermicelli, and bean noodles.
88850. No. 5901. Medium-small, light-green mung bean said to have come from northern Manchuria; used for sprouts, bean noodles, and bean vermicelli.
88851. No. 5904. Medium-small, light-green bean used for sprouts, bean noodles, and bean vermicelli.
88852. *SORGHUM VULGARE* Pers. Poaceae. Sorghum.  
No. 5910. Collected June 14, 1930, from a warehouse in the South Manchurian Railway yards, Dairen. Used extensively for food and also for cattle feed.
88853. *PRUNUS TOMENTOSA* Thunb. Amygdalaceae. Manchu cherry.  
No. 5975. *Yusuraume*. Purchased June 27, 1930, at a small Korean store in Kokai, Helan Hokudo Prefecture, Chosen. A small bright-red fruit, somewhat sour; grows wild in mountain sections. Kokai is in 41° N. lat., and the temperature goes as low as 40° F. below zero.
88854. *TRIFOLIUM PRATENSE* L. Fabaceae. Red clover.  
No. 5962. Collected June 21, 1930, from plants along the River Seinonko, opposite Kokai, Helan Hokudo Prefecture, Chosen. The clover was growing quite abundantly in rather sandy soil; it makes a very good growth. Nothing is known of its source.
88855. *TRIFOLIUM REPENS* L. Fabaceae. White clover.  
No. 5963. Collected June 26, 1930, along a bank of the Seinonko River, opposite the village of Kokai, Helan Kokudo Prefecture, Chosen. This clover is growing in abundance along the river bank and forms a rather compact sod. It is crowding out other plant species, such as *Zoysia pungens*.
88856. *ZEA MAYS* L. Poaceae. Corn.  
No. 5974. *Okususu*. Purchased June 27, 1930, from a Korean farmer at Kokai, Helan Hokudo Prefecture, Chosen.
88857. *FREESIA* sp. Iridaceae.  
From Naples, Italy. Seeds presented by M. Herb. through David Fairchild, agricultural explorer, Bureau of Plant Industry, with the Allison V. Armour expedition. Received August 8, 1930.  
No. 3609. June 1930. This lot may contain some of the varicolored forms that were originated by the plant breeder Ragoneri in Florence.
88858. *GENISTA* sp. Fabaceae.  
From the island of Crete. Seeds collected by David Fairchild, agricultural explorer, Bureau of Plant Industry, with the Allison V. Armour expedition. Received August 8, 1930.  
No. 3604. June 29, 1930. On the mountain slopes overlooking the plains of Messara, Crete, route to Phestos. This shrub should be very ornamental in the dry mountain climate of California and Arizona. May prove a good rock plant also.
88859. *PRUNUS CEBASUS* MABASCA (Host) C. Schneid. Amygdalaceae. Maraschino cherry.  
From Yugoslavia. Seed obtained by David Fairchild, agricultural explorer, Bureau of Plant Industry, with the Allison V. Armour expedition. Received August 8, 1930.  
No. 3612. July 7, 1930. From fruits for sale on the market at Spalato.
88860. *ZEA MAYS* L. Poaceae. Corn.  
From Kruja, Albania. Seed purchased by David Fairchild, agricultural explorer, Bureau of Plant Industry, with the Allison V. Armour expedition. Received August 8, 1930.  
No. 3610. July 5, 1930. Field corn from the village of Kruja. It is the variety commonly grown in the mountains of Albania.
- 88861 to 88863.  
From Medan, Sumatra. Seeds presented by L. A. Lorzing, through David Fairchild, agricultural explorer, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received August 8, 1930.
88861. *ACTINORHYZIS CALAPPARIA* Wendl. and Drude. Phoenicaceae. Palm.  
A robust palm 40 feet high, with a smooth stem conspicuously ringed, large pinnate leaves 9 feet long and 6 feet wide, and a large pendulous cluster of small flowers followed by ovoid red fruits 3 inches long. Native to the East Indies.  
For previous introduction see No. 78467.
88862. *SAGUERUS* sp. Phoenicaceae. Palm.
88863. *XIPHIIDIUM COERULEUM* Aubl. Haemodoraceae.  
An irislike plant, native to tropical America, with oblong-lanceolate leaves 1 to 2 feet long and a compound raceme of small white or blue flowers.
88864. *ARECA TRIANDRA* Roxb. Phoenicaceae. Palm.  
From Peradeniya, Ceylon. Seeds presented by T. H. Parsons, Curator, Royal Botanic Gardens. Received August 11, 1930.  
A graceful, spineless palm, ultimately about 25 feet high, usually with several trunks which bear crowns of pinnate leaves 4 to 6 feet in length. The fruits, about the size of olives, are orange scarlet. Native to India.  
For previous introduction see No. 70777.
88865. *ZEPHYRANTHES* sp. Amaryllidaceae. Zephyrilly.  
From Tucuman, Argentina. Bulbs collected by S. Venturi. Received August 20, 1930.  
Collected in Saimbon, Department of Tafi, at an altitude of 4,500 to 5,000 feet.
88866. *ORYZA SATIVA* L. Poaceae. Rice.