

**88731. SOLANUM TUBEROSUM L. Solanaceae. Potato.**

From Yugoslavia. Tubers collected by David Fairchild, agricultural explorer, with the Allison V. Armour expedition. Received August 5, 1930.

No. 3618. North of Split, July 7, 1930.

**88732 to 88735.**

From Ventimiglia, Italy. Seeds presented by S. W. McLeod Braggins, Superintendent of the La Mortola Gardens, through David Fairchild, agricultural explorer, with the Allison V. Armour expedition. Received August 5, 1930.

**88732. ACACIA ACINACEA Lindl. Mimosa-ceae.**

No. 3623. Collected July 17, 1930. A handsome small tree with ornamental foliage and pretty flowers. Native to Australia.

For previous introduction see No. 75535.

**88733. ALOE STRIATA Haw. Liliaceae.**

No. 3622. Variety *hanburiana*. Collected July 17, 1930. A fleshy plant with a short stem, 1 to 2 feet in old plants, and a rosette of 12 to 30 oblong-lanceolate glaucous leaves 1 to 2 feet long, with a cartilaginous reddish margin. The bright-red flowers are in capitate racemes on a stout, much-branched inflorescence. Native to the coast of South Africa.

For previous introduction see No. 81189.

**88734. COWANIA MEXICANA D. Don. Rosa-ceae.**

No. 3624. Collected July 17, 1930. A shrub 3 to 6 feet high with small crowded cuneate 3-cleft to 7-cleft leaves less than half an inch long, and creamy white flowers an inch across. It is native to Mexico.

**88735. ECHEVERIA MULTICAULIS Rose. Crassulaceae.**

No. 3625. Collected July 17, 1930. A succulent with a stem 1 to 2 feet high bearing a rosette of spatulate leaves 1 to 2 inches long and bright-colored flowering branches with racemes of small flowers which are reddish outside and yellowish within. It is native to the State of Guerrero, Mexico.

**88736. MEDICAGO ARBOREA L. Fabaceae. Tree alfalfa.**

From Athens, Greece. Seeds obtained by David Fairchild, agricultural explorer, with the Allison V. Armour expedition. Received August 5, 1930.

A form with small leaves growing in the botanic garden.

**88737. TRITICUM TURGIDUM L. Poaceae. Poulard wheat.**

From Greece. Seeds collected by David Fairchild, agricultural explorer, with the Allison V. Armour expedition. Received August 5, 1930. From the island of Rhodes at an altitude of 1,200 feet.

**88738 to 88772.**

From Ventimiglia, Italy. Seeds presented by S. W. McLeod Braggins, Superintendent of the La Mortola Gardens, through

**88738 to 88772—Continued.**

David Fairchild, agricultural explorer, with the Allison V. Armour expedition. Received August 5, 1930.

**88738. ALOE STRIATA Haw. Liliaceae.**

Variety *hanburiana*.

For previous introduction see No. 88733.

**88739. COTYLEDON MACRANTHA Berger. Crassulaceae.**

A many-branched succulent undershrub up to 3 feet high with opposite, smooth, fleshy obovate leaves and flower stalks 10 inches high bearing umbellate clusters of bright red flowers, greenish yellow inside. It is native to South Africa.

**88740. COTYLEDON ORBICULATA L. Crassulaceae.**

A succulent plant up to 4 feet high, with opposite nearly circular mealy leaves which have red margins and panicles of large reddish flowers. It is native to South Africa.

For previous introduction see No. 78194.

**88741 to 88743. CRASSULA spp. Crassulaceae.**

**88741. CRASSULA CONJUNCTA N. E. Brown.**

A slightly shrubby succulent with stems erect from a decumbent base, connate-perfoliate, fleshy, broadly ovate leaves about an inch long, and terminal cymes of pure white flowers. It is native to South Africa.

**88742. CRASSULA PERFOLIATA L.**

A shrubby succulent with thick glaucous connate leaves and cymes of bright-crimson flowers. It is native to South Africa.

For previous introduction see No. 78198.

**88743. CRASSULA PORTULACRA Lam.**

A much-branched succulent shrub 10 to 12 feet high, with opposite, obliquely ovate, thick leaves 1 to 2 inches long, and corymbose panicles of small rosy flowers. It is native to South Africa where the roots are said to be eaten by the natives.

**88744 to 88751. ECHEVERIA spp. Crassulaceae.**

**88744. ECHEVERIA AMOENA L. de Smet.**

A nearly stemless succulent with small dense rosettes of thick leaves and slender scapes 4 to 8 inches high, bearing 1-flowered to 8-flowered racemes of red flowers. Native to Mexico.

For previous introduction see No. 81154.

**88745. ECHEVERIA EDULIS Hort.**

A name for which a place of publication or description has not been found.

**88746. ECHEVERIA GIBBIFLORA DC.**

An erect succulent about 2 feet high with a close rosette of obovate-spatulate, highly colored leaves and a lax panicle of small flowers. It is native to Mexico.